

Implementation of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism in Lithuania

Strategic Report No.1

Reporting period 5 April 2011 - 31 December 2011

Prepared by the National Focal Point (Ministry of Finance)

Abbreviations

- AA Audit Authority
- CA Certifying Authority
- CPMA Central Project Management Agency
- CC Cooperation Committee
- DPP Donor Project Partner
- EEA European Economic Area
- FMO Financial Mechanism Office
- FMC Financial Mechanism Office
- IRA Irregularities' Reporting Authority
- NFP National Focal Point
- NMFA Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- MoU Memorandum of Understanding
- PA Payment Authority
- PO Programme Operator

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

According to the Article 2.2 of the Regulations on the Implementation of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism (further referred as Regulations), the Ministry of Finance (MoF), acting as the National Focal Point (NFP) for the implementation of the Mechanism in Lithuania prepared the *Annual Strategic Report No. 1 on the Implementation of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism in Lithuania* (further referred as the Strategic Report).

The Strategic Report reflects the implementation of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism (or Norway Grants) during the period from 5 April 2011 (signing of the Memorandum of Understanding on implementation of the Mechanism) to 31 December 2011 and contains information on the progress made towards the development and functioning of the management and control system, information on preparation and possible impact of the programmes planned to be supported from this Mechanism, also provides work plan for the next monitoring period.

Before submission to the Financial Mechanism Office (FMO) and the Donor States, the report was discussed by the Monitoring Committee for the 2009-2014 European Economic Area and Norwegian Financial Mechanisms according to Part 4.(c) of Article 4.4 of the Regulation on 29 March 2012.

2 ASSESSMENT OF IMPACT AT NATIONAL LEVEL

All programmes and measures planned to be supported from the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism after successful implementation will contribute to two overall objectives of the mechanisms: reduction of economic and social disparities in the European Economic Area (EEA) and strengthening of the bilateral relations between Norway and Lithuania.

2.1 Cohesion

The Memorandum of Understanding on 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism (further referred as MoU) signed by Lithuania and Kingdom of Norway identifies 7 programme areas for the cooperation. The grants are targeted to the areas and to the measures which during negotiations were agreed to be of urgent need of Lithuania and will considerably contribute to both objectives of the grants. The distribution of the allocations among the programme areas to be supported is presented in the Charts No. 1 and 2. The major funds of the Mechanism were allocated for the Green Industry Innovation, Human and Social Development (Public Health Initiatives, Capacity building and Institutional Co-operation between Lithuania and Norway) and Justice and Home Affairs (Schengen Co-operation, Judicial Capacity building, Correctional Services) priority sectors.

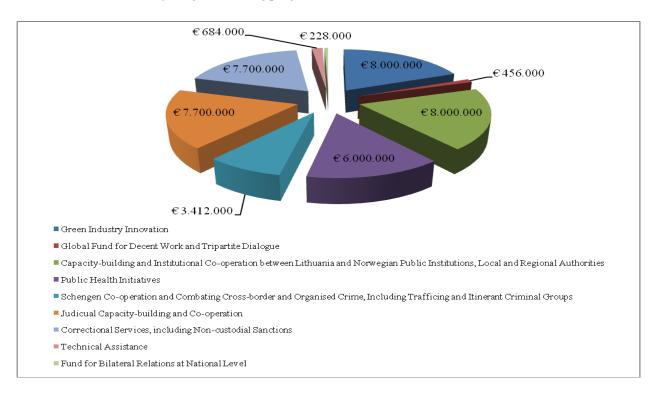
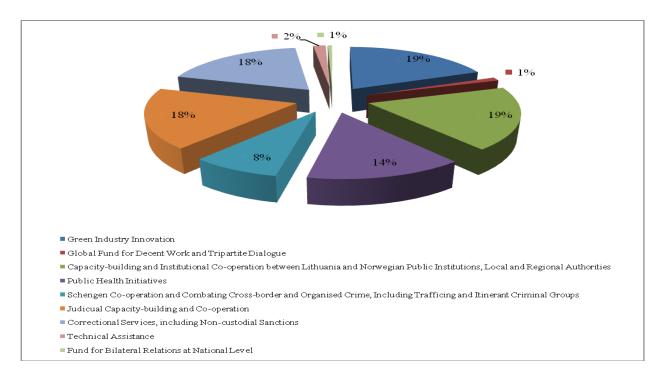


Chart No. 1. Distribution of the grants among programme areas, in euros

Chart No. 2. Distribution of the grants among programme areas, in percents



During the reporting period the programmes were still under preparation, however based on the draft programme proposals the expected impact of the programmes to the reduction of economic and social disparities could be summarised as follows:

It is expected the Norway Grants will increase competitiveness of green enterprises, including greening of existing industries, green innovation and green entrepreneurship via providing support for environmental technology, green product and material development and improvement projects implemented by Lithuanian small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and in partnership with Norwegian entities. Planned projects would give the possibilities for SMEs to save costs and to expand to new markets. Implementation of resource-saving green innovations at the company level could contribute to the greater structural shift towards sustainable growth.

In the Human and Social Development priority it is expected that Grants would complement to the achievement of the national and regional policy goals (ensure the high quality of life for all the inhabitants of the country territory and strengthen the competitiveness of industry and businesses of the regional centres) by transferring of know-how and good practice experience of Norwegian institutions to Lithuania counterparts and by strengthening capacity building as well as co-operation among public institutions and local and regional partners in Lithuania and Norway. The specific priorities under this objective are: strengthened cooperation between municipalities and regional authorities in Lithuania and Norway, capacity-building in the management of state owned enterprises, cooperation on climate-change inventory and domestic and gender-based violence.

The important impact is expected to be achieved in the area of health care services for children and young people in Lithuania. The plans are to develop a common child health monitoring information system intended for the analysis of preventive medical check-up data and health-related factors by ensuring access to health data to a broader circle of specialists at the national and municipal levels. The upgrade of the wellness infrastructure in schools and pre-school education institutions would improve access to and quality of preventive child health care. health. The Grants would provide possibilities regarding prevention and reduction of life-style related diseases of youth by increasing the availability of youth-friendly health care services.

In the Justice and Home Affairs priority sector, it is expected that the projects financed by the Norwegian Financial Mechanism will increase citizen's security in Schengen area through strengthening of the capabilities of the Lithuanian law enforcement institution (Police, Customs) to fight against Cross-border and Organised Crime, including Trafficking and Itinerant Criminal Groups as well as strengthening of the cooperation between Lithuanian and Norwegian. In addition, with the help of the Grants it is planned to making the Lithuanian judiciary better accessible to all citizens, working effectively and transparently vis-à-vis citizens and civil society. The Grants also planned to be used to ensure guarantees of human rights and fundamental freedoms of prisoners as well as elaboration of resocialization activities in Lithuanian penitentiaries and for the probation period and consequently reducing recidivism and increasing security of the society.

2.2 Bilateral relations

Strengthening bilateral relations between the beneficiary country and the donor state is one of the objectives of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism – equal to the goal of reducing social and economic disparities. To facilitate achievement of this objective several instruments are used – partnerships at programme and project level, separate funding schemes at national and programme level.

4out of 6¹ programmes planned to be supported by the 2009-2014 Norwegian Mechanism in Lithuania will be implemented with the donor programme partners (DPPs). During reporting period the DPPs actively participated in the development of the programme proposals. It is expected that involvement of the DPPs from the very beginning stage not only will have positive impact to quality and the added value of the programmes but also would enable long-term strategic cooperation between respective Programme Operators (POs) and their counterparts in Norway.

To provide advice on the preparation and implementation of the programmes and in line with the Article 3.3 of the Regulations, POs of the donor partner programmes established respective Cooperation Committees (CC, see Table No.1) Representatives from the NMFA (Norwegian Embassy in Lithuania) and the NFP are involved in the work of the CCs as observes.

Programme	РО	DPP	Date of establishment of the CC	Members
LT09 Green Industry Innovation	Ministry of Economy	Innovation Norway	3 NOV 2011	6 members (PO, DPP)
LT10 Capacity Building and institutional Cooperation between Beneficiary State and Norwegian Public Institutions, Local and Regional Authorities	Ministry of Interior	NorwegianAssociation of Localand RegionalAuthorities,Norwegian Climateand PollutionAgency, NorwegianNational PoliceDirectorate	15 DEC 2011	6 members (PO, DPPs)

Table No.1. Co-operation Committees

¹ Global Fund for Decent Work and Tripartite Dialogue involves all the beneficiary countries and is managed by the entity directly designated by the Kingdom of Norway (according to the Agreement between the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway on the EEA Grants and Norway Grants 2009-2014).

LT13 Efficiency, quality and transparency in Lithuanian courts	National Courts Administration	Norwegian Court Administration	16 NOV 2011	5 members (PO, DPP)
LT14 Correctional Services including Non- custodial Sanctions	Ministry of Justice	Norwegian Correctional Services	8 AUG 2011	8 members (PO, DPP, Prisons Department)

Partnership projects between entities in the donor states and Lithuania are encouraged or compulsory in all the programmes planned under the 2009-2014 Norway grants. To facilitate partnerships a separated funding is available from the programme budget.

In addition to the instruments directly related to the bilateral aspect of the programmes - a National Bilateral Fund should be established at the national level and managed by the NFP according to the Regulations. The detailed activities to be supported and procedures of implementation are under development by the NFP in consultation with the Financial Mechanism office (FMO) and donors. It is planned that a part of the funds available will be allocated to cover expenses of participation in the events important for the development of the programmes and sharing of experience during their implementation. Major part of this Fund in planned to be directed to initiatives that are not directly related to the agreed programmes but are linked to any of the 32 possible programme areas under this and EEA Financial Mechanism and important for bilateral relations between Lithuania and Norway. It is planned to agree on the main directions of the content of this Fund during 1st annual meeting with donors (18 April 2012) after consultation with the relevant Lithuanian stakeholders.

3 MANAGEMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION

3.1 Management and control systems

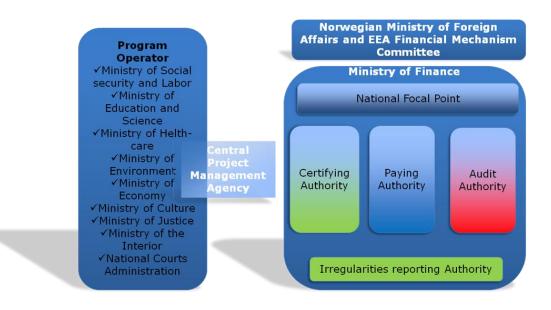
The legal framework of implementation of the 2009–2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism in Lithuania consists of:

- \circ MoU on the implementation of the 2009–2014 Norwegian financial mechanism,
- Regulation on the implementation of the 2009–2014 Norwegian financial mechanism with Annexes,
- Governmental resolution No. 57 (approved on 18 January 2012) (Official Gazette, 2012, No. 10-393) on Management of 2009-2014 EEA and Norwegian Financial Mechanisms in Lithuania.

The set-up of the implementation (i.e. responsible national authorities: NFP, Certifying Authority (CA), Payment Authority (PA), An appropriate national public entity responsible for the preparation and submission of irregularities reports (Irregularities Reporting Authority, IRA), Programme Operators (POs), Central Project Management Agency(CPMA)) of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism (and common also for the 2009-2014 EEA Financial Mechanism) in Lithuania is defined in the above mentioned MoU. As was agreed in the MoU, parties through exchange of letters (letter of the NMFA of 30 November 2011 and letter of the NFP of 8 December 2011) agreed to designate the

Internal Audit and Financial Control Methodology Department of the MoF as the Audit Authority (AA). The agreed management set-up was fixed in the national legislation by the above-mentioned Governmental Resolution (which designated the mention competent authorities and defined institutional composition of the Monitoring Committee). The management and control in Lithuania for both Mechanisms is presented below in the Chart No.3.

Chart No.3. Management and Control System for the 2009-2014 EEA and Norwegian Financial Mechanisms in Lithuania



According to the above mention Governmental Resolution, the Monitoring Committee for the supervision of the effectiveness and quality of the implementation both of the 2009-2014 EEA and Norway grants consists of the representatives from the following institution: NFP (chairmen and co-chairmen of the Committee), POs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Lithuania, CPMA, Association of the Local Authorities in Lithuania, National coalition of the non-governmental organisations, Lithuanian Confederation of Industrialists, Lithuanian Business Employers' Confederation, Lithuania Trade Unions organisations. (The personal composition of the Committee was approved by the order of the Minister of Finance No. 1K-042 of 7 February 2012 (Official Gazette, 2012, No. 21-980), after the end of the reporting period of this Strategic Report).

It should be also mentioned that programmes will be supervised by the Committees: CC in the programmes implemented with DPP/DPPs and Steering Committees in remaining programmes.

As functions of the NFP, CA, IRA, PA, AA are implemented by the MoF, respective measures were taken to secure proper separation of the functions. The functions were allocated to the different structural units of the Ministry which reports to the different vice-ministers, as shown in the Chart No.4. below.

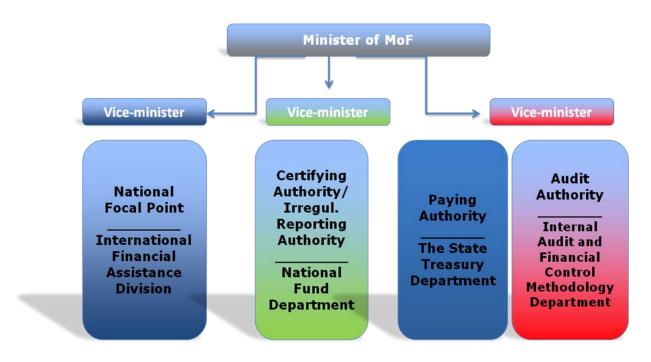


Chart No.4. Separation of Norway Grants management functions inside the MoF

Referring to the Regulation and the MoU for the 2009-2014 Norway Grants, main functions and responsibilities of the national competent institutions are as follows:

NFP:

- Overall responsibility for implementation and reaching the objectives of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism,
- o Establishment and supervision of the management and control system,
- Establishment of the general administrative, payment and monitoring rules and procedures both on the level of programs and projects,
- o Establishment and organisation of the work of the Monitoring Committee,
- Regular monitoring of implementation and progress of the mechanism (annual and final Strategic Reports)
- Preparation and implementing of the Information and Publicity Strategy for the mechanisms,
- and other as indicated in the Regulations.

Certifying Authority (CA):

- o Submission of the certified interim financial and final programme reports to donors,
- Submitting a forecast of likely payment applications,
- Ensuring that amounts recovered and amounts withdrawn are reimbursed prior to the closure of the programme,

• and other as indicated in the Regulations.

Paying Authority (PA)- exclusively technical payment function:

- Opening a separate account for Norway Grants,
- Receiving funds from donors,
- Transferring payments (grants and national co-financing at programme level) to the project promoters and POs & CPMA (funds for the programme implementation),
- Transferring to donors interest earned and recovered amounts.

Audit Authority (AA):

- ensuring that audits are carried out to verify the effective functioning of the management and control system at the level of the Beneficiary State;
- ensuring that at least one audit is carried out of each programme to verify the effective functioning of its management and control system;
- ensuring that audits are carried out on projects on the basis of an appropriate sample to verify expenditure declared;
- submitting to the NMFA an annual audit report setting out the findings of the audits carried out and issuing an opinion to the NMFA, on the basis of the controls and audits that have been carried out under its responsibility, as to whether the management and control system functions effectively, so as to provide a reasonable assurance that statements of actual expenditure incurred presented to the NMFA are correct and as a consequence reasonable assurance that the underlying transactions are legal and regular;
- submitting to the a closure declaration assessing the validity of the application for payment of the final balance claimed in the final programme report.

Irregularities Reporting Authority (IRA):

- Collecting reports on irregularities,
- Reporting to donors.

POs - political, strategic and bilateral level of the management of the programmes:

- Preparation of Programmes,
- o Planning Funds for the Programmes,
- Setting up the requirements for the calls for proposals and pre-defined projects,
- o Establishment of Selection Committee and selection of the projects,
- Supervision of programme implementation (annual and final programme reports),
- Preparation and implementation of Information and Publicity measures on a programme level,
- Bilateral relations on a programme level,
- \circ and other as indicated in the Regulations.

CPMA - technical tasks of the management of the programmes:

- Collecting and appraisal of applications,
- Verifying eligibility of expenditure declared by the project promoters with the payment claims,
- Supervision of implementation of the projects,
- On-the- spot checks,
- Drawing up and submitting to the CA the interim financial reports,
- o Investigation of irregularities and making suggestions to the POs to recover ineligible sums,
- Reporting to IRA entity responsible for the preparation and submission of irregularities reports.

The detailed description of functions and responsibilities of the above mentioned authorities is developed by the NFP together with the other responsible authorities (CC, PA, AA, IRA). It is planned that the description will be approved by the Order of the Minister of Finance in April 2012 after coordination with POs and CPMA. The NFP and other authorities also started developing general administrative, payment and monitoring rules and procedures both on the programmes and projects level. It is planned to finalise, co-ordinate with relevant stakeholders and approve the procedures by the Order of the Minister of Finance in 3nd quarter 2012 (see also Chapter 3.7 Work Plan).

For the effective management of the Norway (and EEA) Grants and for proper supervision and financial control of the supported projects and prevention of the double financing it is planned to develop a specialised IT system. For that purpose a successfully functioning Structural Funds Management Information System (SFMIS) will be adapted to include a new subsystem on EEA and Norway Grants (planned start of the functioning of the system – year 2013).

The detailed description of the management and control system will be developed by the NFP and submitted to donors together with the required AA's report and opinion. Assessment of the compliance, efficiency and the effectiveness of the management and control system (at national and programmes level) will be performed by the AA in line with the Article 4.8 of the Regulation during the next monitoring period (see also Chapter 3.7 Work Plan).

3.2 Compliance with EU legislation, national legislation and the MoU

The national legal acts for the implementation and administration of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanisms, and respective programme proposals are developed in compliance with the MoU and the Regulation (except the payment model as explained below), also with other relevant national and EU legislation. Programmes are developed also taking into account relevant mid and long term national and sectoral priorities and strategies.

Taking into consideration national legislation and practice, a slightly different as described in the Regulation, but more efficient and cost-saving model of payments to the programmes is planned by the national responsible authorities and consulted with the FMO.

According to the national laws Norway Grants will be included (by respective programme) into the budgetary programmes of the respective POs and management of these programmes will have to follow national rules of budgeting, accounting and payment. According to the respective MoU, funds shall be made by the donors to the State Treasury accounts. State Treasury Department (PA) opens a separate (interest bearing) individual State treasury account within the Bank of Lithuania for the Norway Grants. Referring to the Order of Minister of Finance of the Republic of Lithuania No. 195 "On the Approval of the Rules for Disbursement of the State budget funds from the State Treasury Account" of 21 July 2000, Norway Grants would be transferred directly to Project Promoters (including POs as well for their own expenditures) from the State Treasury per 3 working days as of the date of receipt of the request for payment by the State Treasury and using Government budget accounting and payment system (GBAPS)² (see also Annex No.1).

Thus, according to this model, all funds intended for regranting would be not held in the POs' accounts, but in the State Treasury accounts. POs would receive only the management funds necessary to cover their own expenditures. The NFP and other responsible national authorities strongly believe that this payment model is more rational and efficient cash flows management method, although the different payment system is stated in the Article 8.1.2 of the Regulations, which says that "subject to contrary provisions in national law, the Beneficiary State shall transfer the payments to the Programme Operator within 15 working days from reception of the payment". The new set-up would not have a negative impact with regards to the timing of transfers, contrary, the IT based centralized payment system (GBAPS) will ensure, that payment dates will be controlled more strictly and there will be less needs for additional administrative and human recourses at POs level. It should also be mentioned that this payment model is successfully functioning and used for all the budget funds, including all the EU assistance programmes, Swiss contribution, also was used for 2004-2009 EEA and Norwegian grants. Moreover, disbursement to project promoter via POs accounts (as currently stipulated in the Regulation) would be outside this system and would require additional resources.

The proposed model will be included into detailed description of the management and control system and submitted to the donors.

3.3 Status of Programmes

With regard to programmes agreed in the MoU, the main activity during reporting period was related to the development of the proposals by the respective POs. By the end of reporting period only 2 out of 6 agreed programmes were approved by the NFP and submitted to the FMO for appraisal. The detailed information about status of each programme agreed is provided below in the Table No 2.

² IT based government information system, designed for planning, accumulation and disbursement of the State cash resources, handling of accounts, carrying out of control of the use thereof, as well as preparation of reports and monitoring the State cash flows.

Table No.2. Status of the Programmes

Pogramme area	Programme number and Programme	Programme Operator/ Donor Programme Partner	Status
Green Industry Innovation	LT09 Green Industry Innovation	Ministry of Economy/ Innovation Norway	 programme proposal received by the NFP on 19 DEC 2011 and approved, submitted for appraisal to the FMO on 27 DEC 2011
Global Fund for Decent Work and Tripartite Dialogue ³	Decent work	Innovation Norway	Launched on 20 OCT 2011, application accepted from 6 FEB 2012 till 22 APR 2012
Capacity-Building and Institutional Cooperation between Beneficiary State and Norwegian Public Institutions, Local and Regional Authorities	LT10 Capacity-Building and Institutional Cooperation between Beneficiary State and Norwegian Public Institutions, Local and Regional Authorities	Ministry of the Interior/ Norwegian Association of Local and Regional Authorities, Norwegian Climate and Pollution Agency, Norwegian National Police Directorate	Under preparation by the PO
Public Health Initiatives	LT11 Public Health Initiatives	Ministry of Health	Under preparation by the PO
Schengen Cooperation and Combating Cross- border and Organised Crime, including Trafficking and Itinerant Criminal Groups	LT12 Schengen Cooperation and Combating Cross-border and Organised Crime, including Trafficking and Itinerant Criminal Groups	Ministry of the Interior	Under preparation by the PO
Judicial Capacity- building and Cooperation	LT13 Efficiency, quality and transparency in Lithuanian courts	National Courts Administration/ Norwegian Court Administration	 1st version of programme proposal received by NFP on 5 DEC 2011 and returned to the PO for correction , 2nd version of programme proposal received by the NFP on 14 DEC and approved, submitted for appraisal to the FMO on 14 DEC 2011

³ Only basic information about implementation of the Global Fund for Decent Work and Tripartite Dialogue included in this Strategic Report, as this Fund involves all the beneficiary countries and is managed by the entity directly designated by the Kingdom of Norway (according to the Agreement between the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway on the EEA Grants and Norway Grants 2009-2014).

Correctional Services	LT14	Ministry of Justice/	Programme proposal received by the
including Non-	Correctional Services	Norwegian Correctional	NFP on 7 DEC 2011 and returned to the
custodial Sanctions	including Non-	Services	PO for correction
	custodial Sanctions		

According to the Paragraph 4 of the article 5.1 of the Regulations on the implementation of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanisms programme proposals have to be submitted to the Donors within eight months of the date of the designation of the PO. As all Lithuanian POs were designated in the MoU, which were signed on 5 April 2011, therefore the deadlines for the submission of Lithuanian programme proposals should have been 5 December 2011. However, preparation of some programmes were more complicated than it was expected. The main reasons were as follows:

- As the MoUs were signed in late spring of 2011, it was extremely difficult to gather all the stakeholders and DPPs to properly discuss possible programme content during vacation period. It impeded the preparation process as involvement of related stakeholders is crucial factor in the beginning stage when all the needs and courses of action are to be defined;
- Due to Lithuanian national budgetary rules that allow to allocate funds to appropriation managers strictly according to programmic and yearly basis, the newly assigned POs had no funds to pre-finance programme preparation (funds for the year 2011 for responsible institutions were approved by the Parliament in December 2010 when it was not yet known who will perform responsibilities of Programme Operators in Lithuania and no funds could be planned for that purpose) and could not start some of the preparation activities requiring financial input until the advance payments from the donors were received in October 2011;
- Some POs do not have extensive experience in programming of financial assistance.

Due to above mentioned, a consultation meeting between the NFP and the FMO took place on 21 December 2011 regarding the programme preparation status and problems in Lithuania. It was agreed that the NFP will ask for the extension of submission deadlines for some Lithuanian programmes. After reporting deadline of this Strategic Report, upon requests of the NFPs extension of the submission deadlines were approved by the donors for the LT10, LT11, LT12, LT14 programmes till 15 March 2012.

3.4 Irregularities

As the implementation process of the Norway Grants is in the initial stage, no irregularities have been detected during the reporting period.

3.5 Audit, monitoring, review and evaluation

As the implementation process of the grants is in the initial stage, no audit, reviews and evaluations have been undertaken by the National Focal Point. For the next reporting period the Audit Authority plans to perform the audits of the management and control system as requested in the Regulations of the 2009-2014 Norway Financial Mechanism (Article 4.8.). Detailed information on the planned audits is provided in the Annex No 2.

3.6 Information and publicity

During the reporting period the information and visibility activities were not intensive. The NFP provides basic information about the Grants in the website of the MoF; important steps during this initial stage were reported via press releases (signature of the MoU, launching of the Decent Work Fund, etc.) Main communication was directed towards institutions, responsible for the administration and implementation of the Grants.

The Communication Strategy for the Norwegian Financial Mechanism was under development by the NFP and is planned to achieve the following objectives:

- Promote awareness and understanding of Lithuanian society about the role of the donors and the impact of Grants to the reduction of economic and social disparities in the country and in the Europe.
- Promote possibilities and results of the Grants in strengthening bilateral co-operation with Norway.
- Promote awareness of donor's society and other relevant stakeholders about benefit of use of the Grants in Lithuania.
- Proactively and timely provide easily accessible, comprehensive and relevant information for the potential applicants about possibilities and procedures to use Grants.
- Ensure transparency and openness of the whole process of use of the Grants: administration, planning, distribution, implementation and results.
- Ensure timely and effective communication and cooperation between Norway Grants administration bodies.

While developing programme proposals POs also developed Communication plans at the programmes level.

Communication measures and means planned to be implemented by the NFP and POs will be in line with the Regulations' Annex 4 "Information and Publicity Requirements. The NFP reserved domain <u>www.norwaygrants.lt</u>, which will be used for the dedicated websites at he Norwegian Financial Mechanism level, and supported programmes level.

It should be noted that the NFP's information and publicity activities are closely co-ordinated with the ones planned and implemented by the Norwegian Embassy avoiding overlapping and seeking to complement the efforts of both institutions and have the best result.

3.7 Work plan

The work plan is provided in Annex No.2.

4 REPORTING ON PROGRAMMES

None of the programmes agreed in the MoU (except directly managed Global Fund for Decent Work, see Chapter 3.3 of the Report) were approved and started implementation during the reporting period.

5 SUMMARY LISTING OF ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

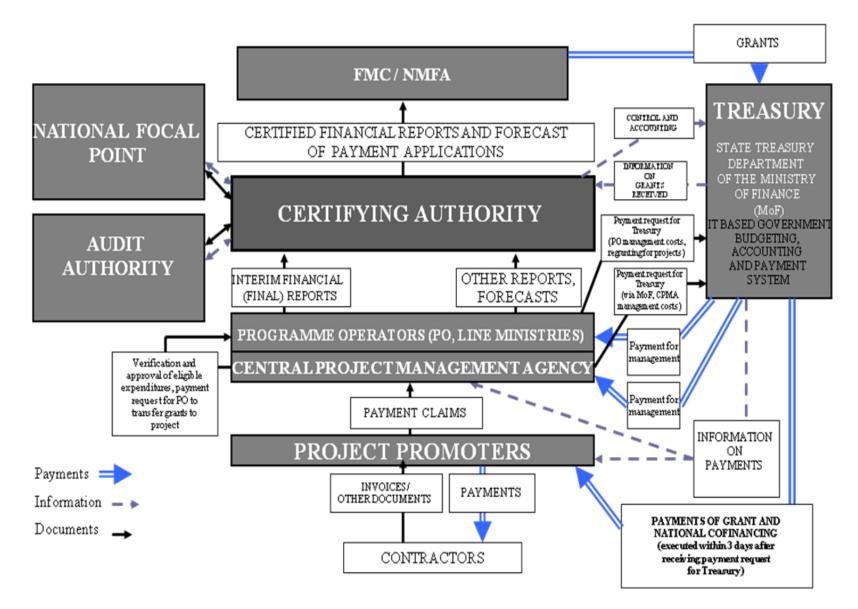
Taking into consideration all that is mentioned above, it could be stated, that the initial stage of the implementation of the 2009-2014 Norwegian Financial Mechanism was not as smooth and quick as anticipated. Preparation of management and control system as well as development of programme proposals involves a number of actors at national and donors level and co-ordination of all the processes and interests requires considerable time, resources and co-operative attitude. The most outstanding tasks for the NFP and other responsible national authorities for the next reporting period are finalisation of all the needed legal acts and procedures and preparation of high quality proposals in order to start practical implementation of the programmes.

The objectives and procedures of the National Bilateral Fund should be agreed with relevant national stakeholders and donors and made available for use of the potential applicants.

6 ATTACHMENTS TO THE STRATEGIC REPORT

- 1. Annex No.1. Proposed payment model of the EEA and Norway Grants.
- 2. Annex No 2. Work Plan for the next reporting period.

Annex No.1. Proposed payment model of the EEA and Norway Grants



Milestone	Planed implementation deadline	Responsible Institution		
	deadline			
Management and control system				
Approval of detailed description	April 2012	Responsible NFP, involved: CA, IRA, PA,		
of functions and responsibilities		AA, POs, CPMA		
of the authorities responsible for				
implementation and management				
of the EEA and Norway grants				
(Oder of the minister of Finance)				
Preparation and submission to	May 2012	Responsible – NFP, involved CA, IRA, PA,		
donors detailed description and		AA		
management control system (I				
stage, Article 4.8.1. of the				
Regulations)				
Developing, co-ordination and	3Q 2012	Responsible -NFP, involved: CA, IRA, PA,		
approval of the general		AA, POs, CPMA		
administrative, payment and				
monitoring rules and procedures				
both on the programmes and				
projects level (Oder of the				
minister of Finance)				
Preparation and submission to	4Q 2012	Responsible – NFP, involved CA, IRA, PA,		
donors detailed description and		AA, POs, CPMA		
management control system (II				
stage, Article 4.8.2. of the				
Regulations)				
Preparation of the specifications	By the end of 2012	Responsible – NFP, involved CA, POs,		
and other relevant documents for	5	СРМА		
the EEA/Norway grants				
management IT system				
	Preparation and Implementation of I			
Finalise programme proposal and	May 2012	NFP,POs, DPPs, CPMA		
submit to the FMO for appraisal				
Co-ordination and conclusion of	2Q-3Q 2012, as soon as possible	NFP		
the programme agreements	after approval of the programme			
	by the donor			
Preparation, co-ordination and	3Q 2012	NFP, POs, CPMA		
approval of the programme				
implementation agreements				
Launching of the National	3Q 2012	NFP		
Bilateral Fund				
Audit, monitoring, review and evaluation				
Preparation of Audit Strategy,	2012	AA		
Methodology and other relevant				

documentation			
Compliance evaluation of the	May 2012	AA, External auditor for assessment of the	
management and controls system		AA procedures	
(I stage, Article 4.8.1. of the			
Regulations)			
Compliance evaluation of the	4Q 2012	External Audit (procured by the AA)	
management and controls system			
(II stage, Article 4.8.2. of the			
Regulations)			
Visibility and Publicity at national level			
Relevant information provided in	Constantly during 2012	NFP	
the website of the NFP (MoF			
website as interim solution)on the			
Grants			
Press Releases on important	After important event	NFP	
events, such as approval of the			
programmes			
Launching event of the EEA	September 2012	NFP together with the Norwegian Embassy	
Financial Mechanism and			
Norwegian Financial Mechanism			
Printed promotional material	4Q 2012	NFP	